# ONLY TORAH! My Rosh Yeshiva Rav Moshe Green zt'l An Interview with Rabbi Mayer Schiller

BY AVROHOM BIRNBAUM

Raw Mashe Green 21'I was among the unique grooms, marhitzer Torah and mechanichim of the previous generation, especially in Mansey and Shikkun Skver, where he lived for most of his lde. Raw Moshe wore many hats over the course of his life and particularly in the last two decades. His sage advice was often sought regarding numerous matters relevant to the klat, the general community and individuals.

That said. Ray Mashe was first and foremost a rosh yeshive and marbit: Torah, a masmid who devoted every filter of his being to learning and understanding Torah and demanding that same dedication from his taimidim.

Ray Moshe's first position as rosh yeshiva began 58 years ago when the previous Skverer Rebbe, Ray Yankov Yovel Twersky, insisted that he become rosh yeshiva at the then nascent Skverer Yeshiva He made a profound impression on his talmidim in Skver, and virtually all of the senior marbitzel Turah, rabbonim and poskim in today's Skver are his talmidim. Ray Moshe went on to impact talmidim in other yeshivas, and for the last decode in his own yeshiva. Yeshiva D'Monsey, until his passing just before Pesach.

The Yated contacted one of his earlier talmidim from his years in Skver, Rabbi Mayer Schiller, who graciously shared his memories and impressions of his illustrious rosh vexhiva.

### Reb Mayer, how did you come to know Ray Moshe Green?

I was not born and raised in Skver. My parents were not observant, and I found my way to Skverer chassidus on my own in the mid-1960s. Eventually, I joined the yeshiva and Rav Moshe became my rosh yeshiva. He

was really my model and mentor in every-have the thing pertaining to learning, including the ap-

### What do you mean by the approach that one has to have towards learning?

proach and importance that one was required

Let me backpedal a bit. Although Rav Moshe was really a no-nonsense type of rosh yeshiva, who didn't talk much about his past, at times he would talk about his rabbeim and his early years in Bais Medrash Elyon of Monsey and how important they were for his personal growth. You see, although Rav Moshe was rosh yeshiya in Skyer, he didn't



have the classic type of Skverer background in pre-war Hungary or Romania. In fact, he was born here in America and, if I am not mistaken, went to public school as a young boy before entering the portals of Yeshiva Torah Vodaas. He once told me that in Torah Vodaas, the person who first turned him on to learning was Rav Yitzchok Karp, who was a rebly in Torah Vodaas before going to Mesivta Bais Shraga in Monsey.

The rosh yeshive of Torah Vodaas, Rav Reuven Grozovsky, imbued in his heart a powerful and tangible ahavas haTorah and dedication to become a meyages a haTorah. That dedication remained with him for the rest of his life.

### Did he ever talk about Ray Reuven and the impact he had on him?

Absolutely. Even more than talking about Ray Reuven's londer, he would talk about his harmodah and yegiah. He would tell us how Ray Reuven would spend entire nights toiling over a sugger, not making peace with the fact that something runained unclear. We clearly saw that he viewed Ray Reuven as his role model of how a person was to approach learning, the relentless tenacity, the drive to understand and be willing to work and work

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He would also speak with great longing about the quest for purity in credits Hashern that he saw in his fellow halmidim at Bais Medrash Elyon, the would say. "Ah! In Bais Medrash Elyon, becharin would decide to take upon themselves to work on improving a certain middah and that would become their exclusive arodah for a while." One could see how he looked back with longing to those days of suntained harmodah and avoidas Harhim with his fellow hachirim. In addition to Ray Reuven, Ray Moube enjoyed a close relationship with Ray Yaakoy Kamenetsky, who very much valued Ray Moshe's unique qualities.

### What other recollections did he share about his earlier years in Bais Medrash Elyon?

He would tell us about the poverty in which all of the yangelest in Bais Medrash Elyon lived and how they learned with great hasmadah despite the fact that they had no idea from where their next dollar would

When he got married, the realt yealthur and his chaveirim, who would later become very famous in the Torah world, such as Ray Simcha Schustal, Ray Don Ungarischer, Ray Shmelke Taubenfeld and Bay Yacov Lipschutz, lived in tiny buts or bungalows. located on Maple Avenue. The kollet had no money to pay them properly, and at times they really didn't even have enough money to properly buy food. Nevertheless, they sat and learned with tremendous hasmazin. Several decades later, maybe in the 1970s, I was speaking with Ray Yacov Lipschutz and Ray Moshe Green's name came up. Ray Yacov's eyes lit up and he said, "Itay Moshe Green? He has to know so much Torah! He has been

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packing it in for so many years!"

### How did Ray Moshe, a product of Bais Medrash Elyon, get to Skver?

In those days, in the early 1950s, there were bocharim from Bais Medrash Elyon who became attached to the previous Skverer Rebbe. They didn't live in Skver, but they showed up on special occasions, such as Chamisha Assar B'Shevat, Lag Ba'omer and the like. Reb Moshe was one of those bochurim, together with Rav Shmelke Taubenfeld, the Bayer brothers and several others. It was a sight to see how these great masmidim stood b'eimah ub'yirah at the tish of the Skverer Rebbe. So, during his years as a bochur and young yungerman, he would occasionally come to Skver and consult with the rebbe, thus becoming close with the rebbe.

In 1962, the children of the first inhabitants of Shikkun Skver began to come of age to attend account Virtually all of them were children of Holocaust survivors born in the first few years after the war. They needed a veshiva. The rebbe opened a veshiva and asked Ray Moshe to become rosh veshiva. Ray Moshe acquiesced and moved to Shikkun Skver, where he became rosh veshiva.

### As a talmid in the yeshiva, how would you describe the way Ray Moshe taught his talmidim?

Before answering your question in practical terms, I think that it is important to first tell you about the intangible impression that Ray Moshe made on us. I can unequivocally state that the greatest meyagei'a, or toiler, in Torah who I saw in my life was Ray Moshe Green. There is simply no comparison. Yes, he was a bright man, but he wasn't a genius. He simply didn't stop learning, and not just learning, but learning in the sense that he invested every ounce of his strength and intellect into understanding a sevarah.

Also, one could set their clock by him. He would sit and learn in the bais medrash in Skver or at times in his side room, which served as a quasi-office, for hours upon hours with total immersion. He wasn't the type of person who went to take a drush sefer out of the bookshelf when he had a couple of minutes waiting for the rebbe to finish davening. Rather, when he entered the bais medrash, he would make a beeline for the seforim shrank and take out a Rishon or an Acharon on the sugva being learned in yeshiva.

# Can you tell us about the impression this made on you as bochurim in the yeshiva?

Let me start with Thursday morning and walk you through the week with Rav Moshe in Skver. On Thursday morning, he gave what was called his *iyun shiur*, akin to what is called a *shiur klali* in many *yeshivos*. That *shiur* was said every Thursday morning from 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 a.m. and was the culmination of a week's learning. He stayed after the *inim shiur* for a bit to answer questions, but from Thursday at about 11 a.m., he was already hard at work preparing for the next week's *blan shiur*, which he said on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday for an hour-and-a-half each day. By Thursday, early afternoon, he was already completely immersed in the next week's *sugya*, even though he didn't have to say a *shiur* for another three days.

# What was the difference between the blatt shiur and the iyun shiur?

I would like to tell you something about Ray Moshe Green. There was something constant about his approach to learning. He eschewed superficiality in learning in every dous yegiah and required tremendous yegiah to understand them. The three-times-a-week blatt shiur gave us an understanding of the sugva in accordance with the basic Rishonim and the early Acharonim, such as the Maharsha, Maharam, Pnei Yehoshua and Maharam Shiff. addressing areas of pishat. He taught us the blatt in accordance with these Acharonim. The shiur klali was devoted to londus of the great roshei yeshiva, like his rebbi, Rav Reuven, and all of the other rushei yeshiva of that generation or the generation that preceded him.

# You said he was like a clock. Can you explain?

Everything about Rav Moshe was punctual and regimented. He walked into his blatt shiur at exactly 11:15 every day and expected us to be prepared. He said the shiur for an hour and a half. Then, at 12:45, he was finished. On occasion, when he was in the middle of a sevarah, he would beg our indulgence for another couple of minutes to finish. In general, however, he respected both the start and end times of the shiur.

### Did he daven with the bochurim?

Yes. I knew Rav Moshe for many decades and never saw him come to daven after brachos. He was always on time and demanded that the bochurim come on time as well. Woe to the bochur who came late! I remember that the last time he would check to see if a bochur was on time was at 7 a.m.

### Seven a.m.?

That's right! In our days, brachos in the yeshiva were said at 6:45 a.m., and that was after immersion in the mikvah. Hodu was at 7 a.m., and right before Hodu, he turned around to take a mental picture of the hundred or so bochurim who were learning in the yeshiva at the time.

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After discussing, amount who was not provided on time would really gut a dressing down from term. If a incluse was a multiple offender, he didn't bestaff to send him home.

Rev Monte was very demanding. He would stand at the door with a watch at the beginning of morning soder and at the beginning of afternoon soder, and if a booker was late, he really beard about it.

Ray Mode was a no-termome rook yeshow who didn't solerate tardisons and lack of affort, but, even though it was constitute difficult for its, we had such deep respect for him, because we knew how consistent he was. He never demanded anything from or that he didn't demand from himself.

### Did the relibe get implied in the session?

Not in the dry-to-day running of the jeshine. The rebbe set general policy, but he gave Ray Monhe, the runh jumbbus, and his son-in-law, Ray Itrikel (corrent Rachematrivka Rebbe of Boro Park), the monabel, a large measure of autonomy. What I did notice was that Ray Monbe and Ray Itrikel worked in comparation with each other, often with Ray Monbe meeting out middes hadin and Ray Itrikel middes horsechamin in order to being out the best in the bockwarm. In general, the rebbe allowed Ray Menbe to have complete autonomy.

There is one story that I remember in this regard. During the summer, Shabbos ended extremely late in Skiver. Until Shabbos ended and we are medicia malkir, it would be very late at night. As I said, the junifold's Shacharis mirpum was at 6:45 a.m. That meant that we had to have already been to the midrate before that time. Parenthetically, let me say that in the rebbe's time and even in the earlier years of the present rebbe, it was unusual for a fockur in the junified to get up late and daven in one of the later mirroration in the shal. It was an embarrassment. Generally, a bookur who would make up late would hide in the earlier northing to direct.

Either way, because Shahhor ended so late, the hanhalah of the yeahhu was asked if on Sunday mornings, davening could begin later than on a regular day. The hanhalah decided that our question was one of policy and should be asked to the rathe. The refibe didn't answer ammediately. A few weeks later, be responded, "Davening may be pushed off lifteen minutes, until 7 a.m., provided that morning seder would begin at 8:30 as it does every day." In other words, davening could be delayed if we would shorten breakfast so that it didn't infringe on our learning.

Have Moster did tell the that before the rights accepted him as read yealers, he slipsolated two things that he would immerse in the militals every day and that, when he was learning in the hair medicals with the hecharine, he would wear a gurse!

## Did Ray Moshe attend the robbe's rish?

He lived in Skyer, but he never came to mak on Friday night, although he did come on Stations morning and on Friday night during Shatdow Chol Hamoud Penach and Sakans. Do you know why? Because, uside from those two things that I mentioned that the rether asked of him, he also asked for a third thing - that he should serve as rook yeakless of the Skyerer Yesbiya, Ray Moshe felt that he simply needed the time on Friday nights and early Shubbus morning to fulfill his deties as mish parking. He would sit and horeven in learning on Friday night, preparing his shinrin, like he did throughout the week. In those early days of the Skveter Yeshiva. there was no bein hopemonin at all. The rebbe didn't hold of heir hazamanim. Thus, Rav. Moshe would say the shiar every day until Enev Perach. The only weeks during which he did not say his regular absurim were the weeks of Penach and Suttor. Therefore, going to tisk on those two forum Tovim did not conflict with the other task that the robbe had placed upon him of being roah yeahhin. The rebbe never told him that he had to come to risk, but he did tell him that he must serve as mosh yeshiva!

### What other things did you learn from the rosh yeshiru as a talmid in the yeshiru?

Ray Moshe attached the same seriousness to all areas of learning. When he would learn an aggradesa Genera, he learned it with the same run and tenacious desire to understand the point as he did any other Genera. This was a lesson that he taught his natmidim by example. There was no such thing as just reading or saying the Genera, and that was very visible in his talmidim. They would learn a piece of Ohr Hachaim Hakadosh the same way that they learned a piece of Genara. He taught us never to gloss over anything nor fool ourselves when it came to understanding learning.

He also had very clear demands of his natmidim. If he would see a natmid learning while slouched in a chair, he would stop and say, "Aroi zitz men in larnen? Is that how we sit when we learn?"

### What was the seshiou schedule?

By 6:45 a.m., we had to be finished with the militah, Brachin was at 6:45, Hodu at 7:00, morning seder at 8:30 and about from 11:15 to 12:45. Then, there was lunch tweak until 2-15. At 2-15 we began second unity, which lasted until 5 p.m. Ray Moshe was fully in charge of deserting and the first two main sedories. At 5 p.m., we had hotorier soder, which was a soder in the order of Shalchan Arsen Orach Chains, beginning with the Tur and Bots Yearf and continuing with the meforshim, the Mayern Avenham, the Tax, etc. That seder was led by Ray Itribel, the currem Rachmastriyka Rebbe of Born Park, Rav Meshe would herve the bate medicarly and go learn in a side room during the two bours of that resfer. This was followed by supper and night soder. A really full day!

### How long did Har Moules remain in Slaver?

Until the mid-1970s. As the yeshirar grew and began catering to a more diverse clientele, it was time to hire additional manhyschim. Ray Moshe had a very strong, uncompromising way of running the yeshirar. With the yeshirar's growth and the emergence of nalmedian at assorted levels, it became difficult for all of them to follow that path.

# So he was very uncompromising in his demands of the bochurim?

He was very fair and simultaneously very tough. I remember that once, in the hais medicash, he saw a bochur talking bein gavrah l'gavrah, between aliyos during laining. He publicly berated him and wanted him seriously pumished. Such an offense was a big deal for him.

# How did he balance learning versus chassidus?

There was no need to balance. Ray Moshe had no problem with a bochur engaging in charsidas as long as he was really learning well, keeping seder and toiling in learning. What Ray Moshe didn't tolerate was someone substituting his learning with charsidus and thinking that he was more pious for his efforts.

Ray Moshe was a tremendous chossid. He was the boal telillah during the Yoman Normain in Skyer for decades, years after he left the yeshova. His influence on talmidim was profound. Some of the most prominent mechanichim and rabbonim in Skyer and beyond are products of his chinich.

Another thing that we learned from him

was his meanure negleck to learn and give his obser, I remember once, when he had a terrible case of the fix and could berely walk. Still, before slevening, a car picked him up from his home and drove him to yeshow, where he insisted on decouring with the backurine.

Before the shier, the car again picked him up and, with every bit of strength he sould muster, be said his regular shier. This made a great impression on us.

### Did you have a close relationship with him?

Yes, a very close relationship, although he wastn't the type of rush reshive with where you could just rains and showers shout the weather. There was a tremendous yours haknowd in his presence, and yet you know that he loved you. He and his rebbettin served as the interferers at my wedding, and the simfor with which he danced and the passed in his dancing at my wedding remain fiveever etched in my memory. He came with his bekeshe and gartel as if he was a family member. After my wedding, too, when I was no longer a talmid and did not keep up with him on a regular basis, we would talk occasionally, and he always expressed his love and great interest in my life.

### What happened after he left Skver?

He continued to live in Skver for several years. After he officially left the yeahive, he eventually became a rosh yeahive at Yeshiva Bais Dovid in Stolin and perhaps in other places before opening his own yeahive, Yeshiva D'Monsey, where he saw great successione of his infimitim who live in Brooklyn opened their own botel medicals under his leadership as well.

### Did he mellow as he aged?

I don't know if meliow is the right adjective, but he certainly understood that the generations that evolved as time passed needed a bit of a different approach. Although he remained a very regimented persona and conducted his verifical in a regimented way, he was fully mindful of the issues in the 2000s and would advise parents on chirach with cognizance of the allures facing their children.

### Any parting thoughts?

Ray Moshe's passing is a defining moment. He was almost the last of that great generation of Bais Medrash Elyon talmidin. He was a rebbi who inspired awe and was a prototype of total consistence, with a drive and love for Hashem and His Torah that were unique. Choval al. d'avain.

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